1	Wednesday, 21 March 2018	1	right. To my left, Ms Kaufmann leading and Ms Brander
2 3	Opening remarks Submissions on behalf of the3	2	appear on behalf of the represented non-police,
3	non-state, non-police core	3	non-state core participants. On the row one behind, to
4	participants by MS KAUFMANN	4	my left, Ms Sikand appears on behalf of Mr Francis, and
5	Submissions on behalf of Peter11 Francis by MS SIKAND	5	further to the left on that row, Ms Steel appears in
6	•	6	. 11
7	Submissions on behalf of Peter22 Francis by MS SIKAND re HN17	1	person.
8	Submissions on behalf of Peter29	7	To my right, Mr Hall leading Ms Mannion appears on
9	Francis by MS SIKAND re HN41	8	behalf of the Metropolitan Police Service. To my right,
	Submissions on behalf of the37	9	one row behind, Mr Sanders appears leading Ms Palmer and
10	Metropolitan Police Service, Commissioner's Legal Team by	10	Mr McAllister on behalf of those officers who are
11	MR HALL re HN41	11	represented by the designated lawyer team. Two rows
12	Reply submissions on behalf of Peter37 Francis by MS SIKAND re HN41	12	behind me to my right, Mr Morley appears on behalf of
13	·	13	the National Police Chiefs' Council and to the far right
14	Submissions on behalf of Peter	14	of that row, Ms Woods appears on behalf of the officers
15	Submissions on behalf of Peter40	15	represented by Slater & Gordon.
16	Francis by MS SIKAND re HN71	16	The arrangements for this morning are that we are
	Submissions on behalf of Peter44	17	going to deal with the individual anonymity applications
17 18	Francis by MS SIKAND re HN109 Submissions on behalf of53	18	first, and then the legal issue that arises out of the
10	Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re	19	Lambert report second. The order in which submissions
19 20	HN125 Submissions on behalf of56	20	are going to be made is that Ms Kaufmann is going to
	Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re	21	start and be followed by those others who speak on
21 22	HN337 Submissions on behalf of64	22	behalf of non-state, non-police core participants, or
22	Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re	23	for themselves in that capacity, and then we shall hear
23 24	HN341 Submissions on behalf of the police68	24	from those acting for the Metropolitan Police and the
24	officers represented by the	25	individual officers.
25	designated lawyer team by MR	20	
	Page 1		Page 3
1		1	Unless I can be of any further assistance, sir, it
2	Submissions on behalf of the86	2	is my job now to hand over to Ms Kaufmann.
2	Metropolitan Police Service,	3	Submissions on behalf of the non-state, non-police core
	Commissioner's Legal Team by		•
2		4	participants by MS KAUFMANN
3	MR HALL	4 5	participants by MS KAUFMANN MS KAUFMANN: Sir, what I'm about to say to you now does not
4	MR HALL (10.30 am)	1	participants by MS KAUFMANN
4 5	MR HALL (10.30 am) Opening remarks	5	participants by MS KAUFMANN MS KAUFMANN: Sir, what I'm about to say to you now does not
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confidence can be served through that. But also to ensure that disclosure is made in a way that will enable decisions to be taken on a properly informed basis, by which I mean that decisions are taken which, to the greatest extent possible, it is possible -- on the basis of to the greatest extent possible, testing of the police officers' contentions as to why anonymity orders are required.

2.5

Your response to us has consistently been that our argument is circular, and that you cannot provide more information. As with disclosure, so, too, with your reasons. These are scant and largely uninformative. You have never indicated once that you have taken into account the compelling public interest factors favouring openness as against anonymity. You have never explained why you have discounted those factors in favour of the interests favouring anonymity. And we agree entirely with the observations made on behalf of Mr Francis in the submissions that are currently before you for this hearing, and in particular paragraphs 4 to 6 of those submissions. I am going to read them in full because they so precisely echo my client's feelings. They say this:

"4. The opaque nature of the Chairman's reasoning has attained a new height in his 'minded to' note number

perception that there is a lack of mutual respect."

Our argument has consistently been that the anonymity applications form an absolutely critical part of the process. If you don't get this right now, then so much of what has gone wrong with undercover policing operations, the operations of the Special Demonstration Squad and of the National Public Order Intelligence Unit will forever remain secret and that is precisely the problem that the Ellison inquiry ran into. And it arose exactly for the reason that the police officers' accounts could not be contested against the evidence of those people that the officers have been spying on.

My clients greatly fear that you are walking into the same dead end. In short, we have got precisely nowhere in relation to our attempts to ensure that we can meaningfully participate. It is now abundantly clear, particularly in light of the latest disclosure and minded to indications, those with which this hearing is concerned, that we simply cannot participate in this hearing in a meaningful way. You have our written submissions.

Your minded to indications in respect of two key officers close off all avenues for getting to the truth, in respect of what they were doing. And those two officers are managers. Managers at a key time. HN109

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3: In it he has dispensed with open reasons altogether in relation to his indications re HN109. This is so despite the fact that the Chairman is aware of the extreme frustration that his general approach to the restriction order process has caused thus far.

"5. A considered decision not to publish any open reasons at all, in the context of an officer in relation to whom the current risk of physical harm is assessed as 'low' with any increase by revelation of real or cover name assessed as 'very low', signals a disregard for those, like Peter Francis, who have shown a real respect for the Inquiry's processes by not revealing information that they hold and in relation to which the Chairman has no power to restrict.

"6. Peter Francis has been prepared to engage with this judicial process (which he was instrumental in bringing about) in the belief that this process would fairly balance the public interest in openness with other factors at play. Failing to give any reasons for restricting both a real and cover name of a former undercover officer, who was a manager at a crucial period of time in Special Demonstration Squad history, and where there is no disclosed risk, significantly undermines the trust and belief in the Inquiry process that Peter Francis has shown to date, compounding his

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is one of them and you have had the submissions of Mr Francis in relation to that.

There is this as well. We have just learnt in relation to Mark Kennedy, through an IPT application that is underway brought by one of Mark Kennedy's victims, a woman with whom he had a relationship when he was undercover, that not only is it affirmed that he had a relationship but it is also clear from what is admitted in the pleadings that his managers and his supervisors acquiesced in his having a relationship.

Now we know he had at least three relationships.

That is activities on the part of the National Public
Order Intelligence Unit, an organisation set up under
the legal regulatory framework of Regulation of
Investigatory Powers Act that was supposed to make sure
that considerations were given to the private rights of
individuals whose rights would be interfered with by
operation of any undercover operation and that was
authorised in those operations, or acquiesced in in
those operations. This obviously signifies the
importance of managers giving evidence in an open,
public manner that is tested as much as possible.

THE CHAIR: What make you think that won't happen merely

because the name of the individual is not made public?

MS KAUFMANN: Because precisely what can't happen, as we

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have repeatedly said, is in relation to those officers nothing can be discerned about those activities when they themselves were undercover and that is, and remains, a very important part of your ability to get to the truth.

2.5

We are not prepared actively to participate in a process where the presence of our clients is pure window dressing, lacking all substance, lacking all meaning and which would achieve absolutely nothing other than lending this process the legitimacy that it doesn't have and doesn't deserve.

The second major concern that we have relates to the Inquiry panel itself. That falls into two parts. The first concerns the failure to ensure that the Inquiry is heard by exactly that, a panel representing a proper cross-section of society and in particular -- and this is absolutely essential for reasons I'm going to come to -- including individuals who have a proper informed experiential understanding of discrimination both on grounds of race and sex. Two issues that lie absolutely at the heart of this Inquiry.

I'm sorry to say this, but instead we have the usual white upper middle class elderly gentleman whose life experiences are a million miles away from those who were spied upon. And the very narrow ambit of your your minded to note. And you did so not just in relation to HN58 but that reasoning showed itself again in relation to other officers.

The core participants, the non-state, non-police core participants, do not want this important Inquiry, something that they so richly deserve to have conducted in an efficacious way, to be presided over by someone who is both naive and old-fashioned and does not understand the world that they or the police inhabit. And they have no confidence in the prospect of an inquiry being properly probing or understanding the evidence if it is conducted with an inquiry panel or chair as currently constituted.

So, those who have expressed a view therefore ask that you recuse yourself from this Inquiry. Or if you are not prepared to do that, that you ensure that measures are taken to bring about a true panel. That is that you sit together with others who well understand the critical issues that shape and frame this Inquiry.

And I remind you and everybody of the Macpherson inquiry, the Lawrence inquiry, and what a difference it made to the understanding and world view of Mr Justice Macpherson to sit with people who understood because they had experience of the issues that went to the heart of that inquiry.

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experience is not something I'm simply creating out of thin air. It has been exemplified already in the way that you have approached these applications.

I remind you of HN58. Your minded to note in relation to him, what you said at the hearing in relation to him and what you maintained in your decision thereafter. I remind you that your observation in the minded to note was that in your view it was very unlikely that HN58 would have had any intimate relations while undercover with those he spied upon because he had been married for many years.

Now you will recall, because it was an extreme reaction, how everybody -- or perhaps not everybody but a very, very substantial number of people in this room -- responded when you said that. Or when it was tested and you repeated it in the course of the hearing.

Your response was, and we would agree with it, that perhaps you are somewhat naive and a little old-fashioned.

Yet what is for us even more alarming perhaps than

your original observation is that despite the astonished, disbelieving, uncomprehending and dismayed response of everybody here, you maintained reference to those naive -- or reliance upon those naive and old-fashioned views that had originally been set out in

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Now, as matters stand, those clients who have given instructions -- and you well know that many do not actively participate -- are not prepared to continue to participate in today's hearing. I am instructed, therefore, together with the entire legal team, to withdraw from this hearing while these issues are considered by you. That is all I have to say this morning.

[Ms Kaufmann and the legal team on behalf of the non-state, non-police core participants leave court.]

THE CHAIR: Ms Sikand.

Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND MS SIKAND: Sir, you will have seen from our written submissions that the sum of the issues identified by Ms Kaufmann earlier on are of course issues that concern Mr Francis too. But, sir, we remain and remain in order to continue to engage with the process that as I have already said in our written submissions we have thus far shown a great deal of respect for, I hope you accept. THE CHAIR: I do.

THE CHAIR: I do.
 MS SIKAND: And we remain also because my client is a former

Special Demonstration Squad officer who understands
 endurance. But it has been, sir, so far an endurance
 test and I hope you will forgive me for just a few words

25 before I deal with the specifics.

Page 12

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1	You will have seen from our written submissions that	1	Sir, part 3 now that Ms Kaufmann has quoted me,
2	there is an ever-increasing frustration not just in	2	I return the favour in her absence part 3 of the
3	Ms Kaufmann's camp but in ours. Sir, you know the	3	non-police, non-state core participants' submissions
4	history of this Inquiry and how it came about, and you	4	make the point that your restriction order decisions are
5	know, sir, the role that Mr Francis played in, as	5	made on the unilateral and untested account of the
6	I said, you know before, shining a light on some	6	applicants, and the Metropolitan Police Service, who of
7	practices which may in due course be found by you to be	7	course
8	unacceptable	8	THE CHAIR: That is wrong in fact.
9	THE CHAIR: Forgive me a moment. Can I just ask that the	9	MS SIKAND: Well it is difficult for us to know otherwise
10	door there is closed. Thank you.	10	from what you have disclosed to us.
11	Yes.	11	Sir, as Mr Francis indicated to you directly at the
12	MS SIKAND: Sir, you know full well that when Theresa May as	12	last hearing, he and his fellow officers were trained to
13	Home Secretary in 2015 announced this public Inquiry she	13	practice deceit in order to be successful. That was
14	made a commitment that this Inquiry would review	14	their thing. Thus it is imperative to have other voices
15	practices in the use of undercover policing, that you	15	or at least maximise the chances of obtaining them, and,
16	would establish justice for the families and the victims	16	sir, the commitment to openness as encapsulated in
17	and make recommendations for future operations and	17	Sir Christopher's legal principles rules has to be
18	police practice.	18	where you start, but that is, with respect, not
19	Sir, in making that commitment she was aware that	19	demonstrated thus far by your rulings taken as a whole
20	obviously both her and Ellison did not achieve that	20	and in particular in relation to HN109, foreshadowed,
21	objective. Sir, she was also aware following the	21	sir, by your approach to HN58.
22	Stephen Taylor report in January 2015 how disturbingly	22	I will come to the specifics when I address you on
23	little the Home Office knew about the Special	23	each of those officers. But, sir, in one of your
24	Demonstration Squad and its practices despite its secret	24	earliest rulings I think it was August when
25	funding of it, sir, and it is clear that the Home Office	25	dealing with HN81, you described using a closed hearing
	Page 13		Page 15
1	knew even less after the Special Demonstration Squad	1	after your minded to although it wasn't a final
2	severed its funding ties with the Home Office in 1989.	2	decision as an exceptional course. Those were your
3	Sir you know that the period that followed after it	3	words. But these hearings, sir
4	cut itself free was, to use one of the risk assessors'	4	THE CHAIR: We learn from experience, and experience so far
5	euphemisms, a lively period. To put it more seriously,	5	has shown that the practice of offering closed hearings
6	a critical period and certainly a period of great if not	6	to those officers whose cover names I'm minded to
7	the greatest significance to this Inquiry.	7	disclose works.
8	Sir, this is an Inquiry of course you know	8	MS SIKAND: Sir, be that as it may, what we have now is what
9	this into how unchecked secrecy led to violations or	9	you quite rightly considered to be exceptional are now
10	potential violations of the rule of law. This, sir, as	10	normalised. They are incorporated into a normalised
11	far as Peter Francis is concerned, is the last chance to	11	process.
12	look at things openly and yet so far, sir, you have	12	THE CHAIR: One learns from experience. That is what
13	maintained complete anonymity in relation to all the	13	experience has shown to be a sensible course.
14	significant officers in that period so far, apart from	14	MS SIKAND: Yes, sir, but all it does so far as public
15	HN81. But so far as the managers are concerned, in your	15	confidence and perception is concerned is add yet
16	ruling last time on HN58 and in your minded to in	16	another layer of secrecy.
17	relation to HN109 and HN337.	17	The disclosure we get, sir, remains absolutely
18	There is an obvious irony in that, sir. We say how	18	minimal. And now, sir, you have personally demonstrated
19	can Theresa May's published objective be met? You say	19	to us that you are prepared to give us no reasons at all
20	hold fire I am sure you would say to me, hold fire,	20	without even, for example, citing a national security
21	in due course if you bear with me the truth may well be	21	imperative by way of explanation. That, sir, as I have
22	out. But, sir, as Ms Kaufmann said, we take the view	22	said in our written submissions, we take to be a sign of
23	that these procedural hearings are absolutely crucial	23	disrespect.
24	because they will determine the way in which this entire	24	Sir
25	Inquiry will be conducted in due course.	25	THE CHAIR: Forgive me, it is not intended to be. There are
	D 14		D 1/
	Page 14		Page 16

reasons for the bald statement made in HN109's case. 1 not done that. 1 2 2 upon which I'm not going to expand. But it is not THE CHAIR: I do indeed know he's not done that. And 3 3 a sign of disrespect to anybody. I commend him for it. 4 MS SIKAND: Sir, we will come to HN109 in a moment. 4 MS SIKAND: But, sir, can I just make plain that it is not 5 5 the threat of prosecution under the Official Secrets Act But it is extraordinary to us, as we said in our 6 written submissions, that you could not have said 6 that has prevented him to date from doing so. That has 7 7 hung over his head since March 2010 when he was splashed a little bit more, given the disclosure that you did 8 give us which doesn't speak to any issue of concern. 8 across the front pages of the Observer as a Special 9 9 Demonstration Squad whistle-blower, but as indicated in But I will come to him in a moment. 10 Sir, Ms Kaufmann has already talked to you in terms 10 our written submissions it has been his respect for the 11 about what you have described as your old-fashioned 11 Inquiry process, a belief that the Inquiry will uncover 12 12 the truth, as it has been mandated to, but that belief, ways. I don't want to make a personal attack in any 13 way, but what I want to say is this: this additional 13 sir, I have to say is now a rather more a desperate 14 consideration that you have added into your 14 hope. 15 decision-making process -- just to spell it out, you 15 It is also his belief that it is the duty of the 16 Inquiry, not him, to reveal cover names. He also 16 said whether it is more likely that wrongdoing of 17 17 broadly a sexual nature would have been committed by an believes that you have a duty to be more open and honest 18 18 officer who has remained married to the same person, in order to allow better engagement with the process. 19 19 Here it is, a demonstration of what happens, even if it 20 20 is a perception, but this is what has now happened This you yourself have described as naive and 21 old-fashioned. But, sir, with respect, old-fashioned --21 because there isn't sufficient openness. 22 22 which as you know is euphemistic and can mean a number Sir, in your minded to note, not only do you not 23 23 give us any reasons about HN109, you don't even describe of things not all of which are benign -- has absolutely 24 no place in our submission in an inquiry that has to 24 who he is, which you have done thus far in the main. 25 25 You didn't initially with HN58, but then you did. unpack issues of race, gender and class, and the way in Page 17 Page 19 which those intersect. 1 1 But why would you do that, sir? All that does is to 2 There is no place in this Inquiry, in our 2 raise distrust and greater suspicion. 3 3 submission, sir, for any old-fashioned stereotyping Another reason for Mr Francis holding back -- and he 4 4 about either men or women, and, sir, what happens when wanted to make this clear and it may not make perfect 5 you do that is so clear. You decide what we say is on 5 rational sense but it's actually because he has a sense 6 of loyalty to individual officers. Not to the unit and 6 an improper basis, that there is no likelihood of 7 7 not to the Special Demonstration Squad. He asked me to misconduct because of somebody's marital status. You 8 8 then reach the inevitable conclusion that any make this public statement that he is dismayed that 9 there appears to be an institutional reluctance by the 9 interference with article 8 in particular is 10 10 disproportionate. Thus the whole balancing exercise majority of Special Demonstration Squad officers to 11 11 voluntarily engage with an Inquiry which might -gets skewed. 12 12 might -- change the way undercover policing is carried So, sir, that, we say, has made you fall into error 13 and we ask you to please not do that when you carry out 13 out, and it might change it for the better. 14 Sir, those officers or some of them certainly seemed 14 your future risk assessments and to reconsider the ones 15 that you have made on this, we say, unlawful basis. 15 more enthusiastic to appear on the True Spies 16 documentary back in 2002, despite being retired from the 16 Sir, unfortunately your approach to date has had the 17 Metropolitan Police Service, than they are to engage 17 unwitting effect of placing Mr Francis personally under 18 voluntarily with this process. 18 great pressure both privately and publicly. I suspect 19 It may seem simplistic but actually Peter Francis 19 you don't read social media --20 really wishes that other Special Demonstration Squad 20 THE CHAIR: I don't. 21 MS SIKAND: But if you had, you will have seen that he has 21 officers could see that there is much to be gained from 22 exploring both the victories of the past but also the 22 had pressure on him as a whistle-blower to step in and 23 mistakes. It may be an entirely naive desire but he 23 fill the gaps where you have maintained secrecy by 24 wants me to say that publicly. 24 revealing cover names. Especially in relation to his 25 THE CHAIR: I'm glad that makes two of us. 25 erstwhile managers. And, sir, you will know that he has

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Page 20

1	MS SIKAND: It is good to be on the same page, sir.	1	about in some way, and therefore remains committed to
2	So if I could, then, move on to our specific	2	trying to expose the truth.
3	submissions, with your leave.	3	So there we are. But it doesn't make the statistics
4	THE CHAIR: Yes.	4	any different. We know the number of names you have
5	MS SIKAND: You will see, sir, that we have focused our	5	released. We know how many of those were already in the
6	submissions on those officers in relation to whom you	6	public domain, and in the main, sir, when you release
7	have made a double minded to decision. So we haven't	7	cover names they are of officers in their 60s and 70s
8	made any submissions about those in relation to whom you	8	who, as I say, Peter Francis would describe as shallow
9	have agreed to disclose cover names.	9	paddlers.
10	THE CHAIR: I have noticed that. That has been Mr Francis's	10	So if I could deal then in the sort of numerical
11	consistent position.	11	order, other than to say that it probably makes more
12	MS SIKAND: It's consistent with Mr Francis's approach.	12	sense, sir, to deal with HN71 and 125 together because
13	THE CHAIR: Yes.	13	they raise a similar approach and issues, so I don't
14	MS SIKAND: As you know, sir, we have said repeatedly that	14	sort of repeat the same points with a gap in between, if
15	usually we think that would meet the public interest or	15	I may, and then deal with HN109 and HN337 consecutively,
16	certainly it would permit the Inquiry to fulfil its	16	unless you want me to deal with them in the order they
17	terms of reference.	17	are set out in my submissions.
18	THE CHAIR: Other considerations being equal, it is a view	18	THE CHAIR: You take your own course. I find it slightly
19	I share. But they are not always equal.	19	easier, but only slightly, if you deal with it in the
20	MS SIKAND: Not evidenced by your rulings, sir, with the	20	order in which they are set out.
21	greatest of respect.	21	MS SIKAND: I would rather make matters easier.
22	THE CHAIR: You will have to wait to see the totality of	22	Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re HN17
23	them. But it is a view that in principle I share, but	23	THE CHAIR: If that is right, we begin with 17, don't we?
24	other considerations are not always equal.	24	MS SIKAND: Yes.
25	MS SIKAND: They may not be, sir.	25	THE CHAIR: In paragraph 11 of your written submissions, in
	Page 21		Page 23
1	In relation to significant periods in the Inquiry,	1	the second sentence, you say:
2	there is a different imperative, we say, and in relation	2	"On HN17's own account he was not only arrested
3	to particular officers such as HN109 and HN337, we say	3	•
3	to particular officers such as 111107 and 1111337, we say		
4	you need to approach matters differently		a number of times, he was also convicted." Can you tell me where that comes from?
4 5	you need to approach matters differently. We said that in relation to HN58. We practically	4	Can you tell me where that comes from?
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This is a gist of part of a risk assessment. It says "N17 was arrested in cover name on one or more occasions with others". That is a standard form of words used to avoid mosaic effect identification if more detail is given. On this instance, I can safely say he was arrested on one occasion only. MS SIKAND: And it did not result in his conviction? THE CHAIR: I have said what I can safely say. MS SIKAND: Sir, this is the problem of course. There is an exemplification right there as to what we are being asked to do. All we are saying is don't make us fill in the gaps, please don't make us read between sentences. Just tell us as much as you can so we can make sensible submissions. We silt there having to read through documents and work out what they actually mean. And yet you say to us that in order -- well, one assumes that we are here in

making is when he was arrested it was for an offence of violence. I don't know if it was serious violence, it may just be public disorder, but there is an element of violence.

If he was convicted of it, then either he was off on a frolic of his own or it was something that was agreed upon by his managers. And if that is right, sir, that is something that obviously has to be explored. And you will say to me "Yes, I will explore it with him in a hearing on his own or without any other evidence that could speak to it".

And that just goes to the point that we repeatedly make that what was the true extent of the violence that was used by undercover officers even in the Far Right? Was that something that managers took the view was the proper and proportionate way to act when infiltrating such a group, such was the political and other imperative?

However unattractive it may seem, you have to collect that evidence from those who infiltrated. It is a simple point and probably, as I have said before, not made better with repetition, but in this case when you make the bald assertion that there is nothing in the nature of his deployment -- the nature of the deployment or what is known -- that would justify running the risk,

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order to have a proper open discussion to assist you

eventually in reaching the proper correct decision in

relation to anonymity. But why are we being asked all

the time to read between lines when there are some lines

which can just be firmly drawn? Why can't we be told

there was only one conviction, or this officer himself

was not convicted, or this officer was convicted with

three others? Then we would not be led into error in

our submissions. That's what I mean about the perception of disrespect, because we are not told enough and in our submission it is not the proper way to proceed.

So, in any event, if he was arrested and if he was convicted, we don't know, because we are not told, about the nature of those offences that he was arrested for. We have already pointed out that this doesn't appear to sit well with his assertion that he always worked with integrity and in a professional manner, unless we are to assume from that that the Special Demonstration Squad as a whole took the view that getting arrested and convicted for serious or any violence was acting with integrity and in a professional manner.

THE CHAIR: You are making a number of assumptions there which are not necessarily right.

MS SIKAND: Sir, I have to make assumptions because you have just told me that you are not going to assist me any further, so I have to make those assumptions based on what you have disclosed to us.

What I can see is that there is a man undercover who is a officer who has penetrated a group who, on the face of it, are from the Far Right and who on the risk assessment were capable of serious violence. That's what the risk assessor says. So the assumption I'm

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is really an arrest and a possible conviction nothing?

It is a rhetorical question because I know you will not answer it. You have already indicated that. But from what we have seen we don't accept that, it is not nothing and it is something that ought to be scrutinised properly.

Sir, I'm saying that when you take the view that that is nothing then the rest of the balancing exercise gets skewed because then you don't go on to consider whether --

THE CHAIR: Forgive me, the premise of your submission, I think, is that the Inquiry is not going to look into issues of that kind. It is.

MS SIKAND: No, no. That is not the premise of my submission. The premise of my submission is that the Inquiry is going to look at it without any other evidence other than police evidence. It will be unchecked. That is the premise of my submission because what you're saying is there's nothing on the face of it that we see is problematic with the way in which HN17 conducted himself, and we're saying but hang on a moment, there's already evidence that it's problematic because he was arrested, presumably in his cover name. We don't know if he was charged. We don't know if he was convicted.

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7 (Pages 25 to 28)

Q

	But if that is right, that is something that weighs	1	the fact that there is no known allegation of
	the balance, and that is something that then should	2	wrongdoing.
	use you, sir, to reconsider the way in which you	3	You go even further. You say that it is very
	nduct your risk assessment or your balancing exercise	4	unlikely that any plausible allegation of misconduct
	nen deciding not to disclose his cover name, and	5	against him could be made.
	nsider whether there are, for example, measures that	6	Sir, this is inconsistent with your decision in
	u could put in place or the Metropolitan Police	7	relation to HN345 or HN347. We say what is the
	rvice could put in place to minimise any risk of	8	difference here? Those two, 345 and 347, were deployed
	entification.	9	in the 1970s. They had no known allegations against
	CHAIR: I explained my reasons in the case of HN17,	10	them. But you are prepared to release their cover names
	nich involve a real risk of serious violence to him.	11	even though you have said that you formed the view that
	Your submission is that the fact that he was	12	anyone coming forward is an unlikely event. Therefore
	rested on one occasion during his deployment should	13	we pose the question is this one of your assessments
	use me to reassess the balance and possibly come down	14	whereby you take the view because he is married that
	favour of exposing him to that risk.	15	there could never be a plausible allegation against him?
	SIKAND: Yes, yes.	16	Why, sir, do you differentiate between those
	CHAIR: Okay.	17	officers? We say that is inconsistent. We don't know,
	SIKAND: I do ask you to take that course.	18	because it has not been revealed to us, what the marital
	Also I know the way in which you described HN17,	19	status of HN345 or HN347 is. But we have said if that
	t, sir, this is a point and I hope you will forgive	20 21	was your consideration then that is an irrelevant one,
	by raising this it is in a sense presentational.	21 22	sir.
	at there is no reason why you couldn't have said in	23	It may be that you will say that in this case you
_	ur minded to note that he was an officer that	23	have decided to give greater weight to an expression of
	filtrated the right wing because that is already there	25	assurance of confidentiality. But, sir, we don't understand that either because there have been a raft of
25 am	nongst, you know, the documentation that he infiltrated	23	understand that either because there have been a rait of
	Page 29		Page 31
1 the	Far Right and it just saves us having to go through	1	officers who have talked about express assurances.
2 thos	se documents and find out, you know, what was said	2	So, we have also been told by you or in the risk
3 abo	ut him when you already know that and you know that	3	assessment that his principal target group no longer
4 it co	ould be found. It would just signal a clearer and	4	exists, so any risk that there is emanates from another
5 mor	re open communication between the Inquiry and its core	5	or less important target group
6 part	ticipants, those of us who don't represent the	6	THE CHAIR: Risks emanate from individuals, not from groups.
7 poli	ice.	7	MS SIKAND: Yes, but they are presumably people associated
8 S	Sir, moving on then unless, sir, you want to hear	8	with those groups during that time who would also be of
9 from	m others now in relation to HN41?	9	a similar age to him. You know, people change, sir.
10 THE 0	CHAIR: I think that's a sensible course. Does anybody	10	Are they really likely to be such a threat?
11 have	e anything to say about HN17?	11	This is particularly so in the context of the risk
12 N	No. I think you may find silence the majority of	12	assessor saying that HN41 was witness to an event of
13 time	es.	13	significant interest to the Inquiry. Of course that,
14 MR H	IALL: Sir I was going to make a very, very brief	14	you know, means nothing to us. But if it is
15 resp	oonse to what was said this morning by Ms Kaufmann,	15	a significant event to the Inquiry, perhaps it would be
16 only	y very briefly. Shall I do that now or	16	more open to give us some indication as to what that is,
17 THE C	CHAIR: No, we are dealing with individual officers now.	17	because is this an event that is of such significance
18 If th	nere are any general points to be made later, make	18	that it should be tested, and if it is to be tested,
19 ther	m later.	19	is it not possible that those that he spied upon may
20 MR H	ALL: I will do that.	20	bring something to the table which would allow you to
	CHAIR: Yes.	21	properly test it? I don't know, because, as ever, we
	issions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re HN41	22	have not been given enough disclosure.
	IKAND: HN41. You have seen, of course, our written	23	THE CHAIR: One of the problems of conducting the Inquiry is
	missions and the real point that we make about him,	24	one really can't decide everything at the start. There
25 abo	ut HN41, is you put a great deal of weight again on	25	are lots of issues that have to be decided as we
	Page 30		Page 32

1	proceed. This is one of them. How evidence about this	1	to decisions. I think HN83 is one of them. I can't at
2	significant event is to be given is something that has	2	the moment say more about it. But you may rest assured
3	not yet been determined. It will have to be.	3	that it is not only any view that I might have about
4	MS SIKAND: But, sir, it is very important that the	4	whether or not they may have misconducted themselves
5	procedural decisions that you make are as open as	5	because of their personal circumstances, but also
6	possible and as fair as possible.	6	because of the nature of the deployment.
7	I understand that you are of the view that in due	7	MS SIKAND: I understand that, sir. But I have, I hope,
8	course we will all be able to see that these decisions,	8	spoken to that in the sense that it may be and if
9	you had to make them, that you will be vindicated, the	9	I am wrong about that it may be when you make that
10	Inquiry will turn out, you know, we will have all the	10	initial assessment, because you put it really quite
11	evidence we need and you will make findings and it will	11	high, it is "very unlikely that any plausible
12	all be fine. And then you can say to us:	12	allegations of misconduct against him could be made".
13	"See, you should have trusted me."	13	Sir, I mean, that appears on the face of it to be
14	But, sir, the difficulty is that these hearings,	14	supported by your insertion in your first paragraph of
15	procedural hearings, are of great significance not just	15	the words "is married".
16	because of the messages that they send to the public,	16	THE CHAIR: It seems every time I give information about an
17	but also to the officers who you are dealing with, but	17	officer it is fired back at me as indicating an
18	also because openness is so important at every stage of	18	inappropriate reasoning process. Every time I don't,
19	this particular Inquiry. Not just because it is	19	I'm criticised for not saying enough.
20	a public Inquiry, but because of the point I have	20	MS SIKAND: Sir, that is unfair with the greatest respect.
21	already made.	21	When you put weight upon that, it is not the fact of his
22	This is an Inquiry into what goes wrong when secrecy	22	marriage, it is the fact that you consider it to be
23	is unchecked. So in each submission that we make we	23	a relevant consideration. Because in the main you tell
24	say, sir, have you really weighed in the balance and we	24	us things that you consider to be relevant. You put it
25	are here to question that, and in the end we hope to	25	in because you consider it to be relevant. We say it
	Page 33		Page 35
1	assist you, because on the face of it we can't see	1	isn't a relevant consideration. And we don't know.
2	a real distinction to be made between HN41 and HN345 and	2	Sometimes you don't tell us.
3	347 when you say there is nothing there is no	3	The other officers are cases in point, 345 and 347.
4	plausible allegation of misconduct. With the added	4	You tell us we don't know. We don't know if they are
5	extra that he could give information about an event of	5	married or not married, single, there is a mention of
6	significant interest to the Inquiry.	6	family, we don't know if they have a civil partnership.
7	So that's what we say. We say we would be grateful	7	It is completely absent. So when you do put it in it is
8	if you could reconsider the way in which you carried out	8	obviously that it is poignant to you, sir, and it is
9	your balancing exercise.	9	obvious that it has played some role in your
10	If the fact that you think it is unlikely that there	10	decision-making process.
11	will be any allegations because he is married played	11	If it hasn't, sir, then I will stand corrected. But
12	a part in it, we ask you to set that aside, sir, for the	12	it seems to me, given the way in which you have
13	reasons we have already set out in full.	13	expressed yourself, that it is a consideration for you
14	THE CHAIR: Okay.	14	and we simply say to you to please once more revisit
15	MS SIKAND: We can only ask, sir.	15	that, if that is your consideration. Because we
16	THE CHAIR: Of course. This is a view that has been	16	genuinely don't think it has any place in conducting
17	expressed to me not only publicly but also privately.	17	your balancing exercise.
18	And I said what I did in the hope that it would prompt	18	You have already said in your November statement you
19	reactions from people. It has done. And I have	19	will release cover names unless
20	rethought the approach that I indicated.	20	THE CHAIR: It is a forecast. I was careful to express it
21	You will see in the case of HN41 that there are two	21	as a forecast and not as a principle, because every case
22	reasons set out in the sentence which deals with this:	22	does have to be decided on its own facts. My forecast
23	"Given the nature of the deployment and the personal	23	was
24	circumstances"	24	MS SIKAND: Sir I'm aware of the caveats and I am aware of
25	That is a phrase that you will see in other minded	25	the fact that you used that very word, but what you did
	Page 34		Page 36
	1 age JT		0 (Dames 22 to 26)

1	say is that you won't do it if there is a personal	1	identification of his real identity. So of course we
2	threat. You know, if there is an issue as to risk or	2	are aware that if there was a disproportionate you
3	where the public interest would not be	3	know, if there was a real risk, you would factor that
4	disproportionately harmed or damaged. But not when you	4	into your decision-making process. All we are saying is
5	have formed a view that it is unlikely to happen because	5	that it is the way you balance that because of course we
6	somebody is married. That plays no part in any	6	are never given sufficient information to work out
7	balancing exercise.	7	whether there is a sterile corridor or there isn't.
8	What I am saying is you have decided about whether	8	Sometimes it is a simple point that somebody could
9	or not a particular officer is more likely to have an	9	have the same first name, that is not uncommon. But we
10	allegation made against him on the basis of his or her	10	can only ask you because we are not privy to the
11	marital status. We say that is wrong and it can't carry	11	information about the sterile or otherwise corridor to
12	on in our respectful submission.	12	reassess it in the way that we can just bring a fresh
13	It is a sort of rebuttable presumption that you are	13	eye to it to say that actually these are significant
14	going to disclose the cover name unless there are other	14	public interest factors that you appear not to have
15	issues such as risk of harm. Not whether or not it is	15	weighed in the balance.
16	likely, because you have already indicated in November	16	We would like to say you should just reveal all
17	it would assist you to have evidence from others who	17	cover names. We would like you to reach that
18	could speak to the important issues as to the reason for	18	decision-making process, but we are also utterly
19	the deployment, its justification and how it was carried	19	realistic about you having a duty to each officer and
20	out.	20	taking an individualised position. So I'm not sure that
21	THE CHAIR: I agree.	21	that reply was entirely necessary.
22	MS SIKAND: So all I'm saying is if his marriage played	22	Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re HN64
23	a part, sir, please could you look at it again removing	23	MS SIKAND: But in any event, HN64. All we can say is that
24	that from the equation.	24	as we have already said, Peter Francis knows who this
25	THE CHAIR: Certainly. I will certainly reconsider as you	25	officer is. There is no explanation as to why
	Page 37		Page 39
1	have invited me to.	1	disclosure of his or her cover name would lead to his or
2	MS KAUFMANN: I then move on to HN64 sir.	2	her identification.
3	MR HALL: Sir I was going to reply how HN17 if I may?	3	THE CHAIR: With respect, how can there be?
4	THE CHAIR: Are we back to HN17?	4	MS SIKAND: Well, sometimes we can have an indication of how
5	Submissions on behalf of the Metropolitan Police Service,	5	likely presumably there is always some risk of
6	Commissioner's Legal Team by MR HALL re HN41	6	a cover name it is not a science, this whole thing.
7	MR HALL: I'm sorry, HN41.	7	THE CHAIR: This is an issue that where I have indicated
8	Sir, some of the submissions made simply fail to	8	I have considered it carefully on the basis of the
9	register the possibility of real harm being caused.	9	closed risk assessment and if relevant other material.
10	THE CHAIR: Yes.	10	But the invitation to explain why there is a risk
11	MR HALL: And the logic of the submission that all cover	11	gives away the facts underlying the risks.
12	names must be published is that one has to leave out of	12	MS SIKAND: Yes. Of course, sir, there is the point that
13	account that risk of harm. Our submission is simply	13	there are those that you looking at the way in which
14	that that would not be to apply the ruling given by	14	you have made your decision-making, there are those
15	Sir Christopher Pitchford back in May 2016 which	15	cover names which you would never have disclosed but
16	inevitably involves a degree of a balancing exercise.	16	which have been disclosed by the activists. And you can
17	That is all I propose to say about HN41.	17	see there in all of those cover names the way in which
18	Reply submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re	18	the relationship between the cover and real names, how
19	HN41	19	it has panned out. You can see it
20	MS SIKAND: Sir, as you will know, we have had a much more	20	THE CHAIR: Indeed. They are very good at doing it.
21	nuanced approach even though Peter Francis's starting	21	MS SIKAND: Yes. But only in some cases, and also the
22	point has always been release all cover names, but	22	ultimate risk of harm, you can see, has been so far
23	I address each decision on its individual merits.	23	as we are aware there has not been any physical harm
24	For example, we say we are unaware of anything to	24	to anybody.
25	suggest that the release of his cover name would lead to	25	There it is, we can't add further to those
	Page 38		Page 40
Ц	1 age 50		10 (Pages 37 to 40)

2 THE CHAIR. Mr Hall, nothing in reply to that? 3 MR HALL. No, thank you. 4 THE CHAIR. Mr Sikmad, the shorthand writers need a break. 5 Would now be a convenient moment? 6 Mr SiKAND. Of course. 6 Mr SiKAND. Of course. 6 Mr SiKAND. Of course. 7 (1.40 an) 8 (A short break) 8 (A short break) 9 (11.55 am) 10 THE CHAIR. Mr Sikmad. 11 Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SiKAND re HN71 12 Mr SiKAND. Sir moving on to HN71. 13 This is an officer in relation to whom there hann't been a risk assessment where you formed the view? 14 been a risk assessment where you formed the view? 15 for reasons of explaining this is a decision, so far as a way of the result of the re				
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•		Page 42		Page 44

1	THE CHAIR: We are now onto 109, I think, are we not?	1	interest lies.
2	Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re HN109	2	So what has been disclosed to us and what we know,
3	MS SIKAND: Well, sir, you know that this is a extremely	3	that this is an important manager in the significant
4	significant officer.	4	period, we know that he was a manager in charge of the
5	THE CHAIR: I do.	5	Special Demonstration Squad the night Stephen Lawrence
6	MS SIKAND: You will know that he was the detective	6	was murdered, we know that he would have been
7	inspector who recruited Mr Francis into the Special	7	instrumental in decision-making about targeting
8	Demonstration Squad.	8	thereafter, and we know that, you know, he's a manager
9	THE CHAIR: I do.	9	of individual undercover officers who will be of
10	MS SIKAND: And that he did so in 1993. You will know he	10	interest to the Inquiry, including my client.
11	was his manager for a few significant and important	11	THE CHAIR: Unquestionably. And his evidence will be given.
12	months before Bob Lambert stepped in.	12	Precisely how it is going to be dealt with remains to be
13	But before I carry on, sir	13	seen. My expectation is that it will be dealt with in
14	THE CHAIR: Yes.	14	the manner that permits it to be tested by those who
15	MS SIKAND: because you have already told me don't look	15	wish to test it, in open proceedings, albeit that the
16	at the risk assessments, don't look at the papers we	16	appearance and so forth of HN109 may be shielded.
17	disclosed to you because they may bear no relationship	17	MS SIKAND: Well, you have not said anything about the way
18	with my decision-making process or they may not have	18	in which his evidence in your minded to
19	played any part in my decision-making process. Using	19	THE CHAIR: I haven't, because I'm determining whether or
20	for example the last officer by example, we're disclosed	20	not his real or cover name should have a restriction
21	the gist of a psychological assessment and that's it,	21	order in respect of them. I'm not determining
22	and you say it doesn't matter, I have made a decision on	22	MS SIKAND: Yes, but you often gives us an indication
23	a completely different basis, the evidential basis which	23	THE CHAIR: I do sometimes, because one has to look
24	has not been disclosed to you, and here we are with	24	forwards. In this instance it is not possible to look
25	HN109 where you could not have a risk assessment that	25	forwards as to how it will be done in a manner which
	Page 45		Page 47
	1 450 10		1 uge 17
1	put the risk any lower than this one. In fact it even	1	informs the anonymity decision save that my expectation
2	says "no risk" at some time, not even "low risk".	2	is that by one means or another the evidence of this
3	So before I go into that, your lack of reasons	3	witness will be given in such a manner as permits it to
4	which you say are going to remain as they are with not	4	be heard, at least, in public.
5	even the slightest indication or further indication or	5	MS SIKAND: Just so we understand where you are at. You
6	any indication as to why you have just given us no	6	accept that he is a manager of significant interest to
7	reasons in order for me to say anything sensible to	7	the Inquiry.
8	you other than what we have already put in our written	8	THE CHAIR: Yes.
9	submissions, I need to know from you that there is no	9	MS SIKAND: That he is a witness of significant interest to
10	relationship between that risk assessment and your	10	the Inquiry.
11	decision.	11	THE CHAIR: Yes.
12	THE CHAIR: I am afraid I'm not going to add to the	12	MS SIKAND: That his risk assessments show that there is
13	admittedly spare statement made in the minded to note.	13	absolutely no risk of physical harm to him or his family
14	MS SIKAND: Sir, you have to date given us, even if sparse	14	even if his real identity is disclosed.
15	and even if not accepted, some reasoning as would be	15	Is it sir that
16	normal in an inquiry of this nature to justify your	16	THE CHAIR: You have the risk assessment and I am afraid you
17	decision-making process.	17	have my answer, which is laconic to the point of view of
18	In this case, you have disclosed to us evidence that	18	being uninformative.
19	makes your decision on the face of it look wholly	19	MS SIKAND: Yes, but sometimes you say that you take a
			11CC
20	irrational. You have given us not even in broad terms	20	different sometimes you say, "Risk is a matter for
20 21	irrational. You have given us not even in broad terms any reasons. You have not pointed to a national	20 21	me. I ask for the risk assessments but ultimately
	any reasons. You have not pointed to a national security imperative. You have simply declined to give	1	
21	any reasons. You have not pointed to a national	21	me. I ask for the risk assessments but ultimately
21 22 23 24	any reasons. You have not pointed to a national security imperative. You have simply declined to give us any reasons, and you have not even told us which statutory criteria has been met and what you have taken	21 22	me. I ask for the risk assessments but ultimately I take a view", and, sir, it is perfectly legitimate for
21 22 23	any reasons. You have not pointed to a national security imperative. You have simply declined to give us any reasons, and you have not even told us which	21 22 23	me. I ask for the risk assessments but ultimately I take a view", and, sir, it is perfectly legitimate for me to ask you, do you take a different view about his
21 22 23 24	any reasons. You have not pointed to a national security imperative. You have simply declined to give us any reasons, and you have not even told us which statutory criteria has been met and what you have taken broadly into account when deciding where the public	21 22 23 24	me. I ask for the risk assessments but ultimately I take a view", and, sir, it is perfectly legitimate for me to ask you, do you take a different view about his risk than the risk assessor? THE CHAIR: I am very sorry, but I really am not going to
21 22 23 24	any reasons. You have not pointed to a national security imperative. You have simply declined to give us any reasons, and you have not even told us which statutory criteria has been met and what you have taken	21 22 23 24	me. I ask for the risk assessments but ultimately I take a view", and, sir, it is perfectly legitimate for me to ask you, do you take a different view about his risk than the risk assessor?

1	expand on the laconic reason laconic statement	1	I may have to try to get to the bottom of is why that
2	because it is not really a reason made in the open	2	decision was made.
3	document. There is a closed document which explains the	3	MS SIKAND: Sir, we have made it plain and we have passed
4	reason. It is going to remain closed.	4	on this communication but my client was written to by
5	MS SIKAND: Sir, this is a man as you know who appeared on	5	Roger Pearce and he was told in October 2002 that:
6	the True Spies documentary.	6	"The Metropolitan Police Service has been keen to
7	THE CHAIR: You say as I know, where do you get that from?	7	support this project, and on the basis of firm
8	MS SIKAND: Because we know and I'm saying it. And in his	8	reassurance from the programme makers that operational
9	risk assessment he says:	9	and personal security would not be compromised,
10	"HN109 gave HN109's views on the True Spies	10	an invitation was extend to former Special Branch
11	programme."	11	officers to contribute to it in any way they thought
12	And although that doesn't indicate, obviously it	12	fit."
13	is in some police risk assessment speak and you may say	13	He goes on to say:
14	"We've just randomly asked various officers as to their	14	"Episode 1 will deal specifically with the covert
15	view about True Spies like we did with HN64", but of	15	methods used to combat subversion and public order from
16	course you don't	16	the anti-Vietnam War protests of 1968. A section of the
17	THE CHAIR: Forgive me, the assertion that you made that he	17	programme will outline the formation of the Special
18	appeared is not based upon the sentence on page 7 of the	18	Demonstration Squad and a number of former Special
19	risk assessment.	19	Demonstration Squad officers are interviewed on screen,
20	MS SIKAND: That's what drew us to check. He appears on	20	none more recent than 1985. Legend building, trade
21	that programme, sir	21	craft and areas of targeting are among the issues
22	THE CHAIR: Forgive me. If it is based on that single	22	highlighted and discussed in the first programme.
23	sentence then you have misread it.	23	"The second and third episodes will examine left and
24	MS SIKAND: No it is not.	24	right wing extremism respectively.
25	THE CHAIR: Fine.	25	"I remain convinced that the overall message from
	Page 49		Page 51
1	MS SIVAND. That single contained is just an indicator that	1	46
2	MS SIKAND: That single sentence is just an indicator that the True Spies documentary plays some role in the risk	1	the programmes will be enormously to the credit of those
3	assessor's risk assessment. It doesn't appear, sir, in	2	who served in Special Branch over the past four decades.
4	every risk assessment. It appears in certain risk	3	If you have any particular concerns or queries about the series I will be more than happy to answer them."
5	assessments as an issue to be addressed.	4 5	
6	THE CHAIR: The sentence there is a short form of saying he		And he writes to Mr Francis because he thinks that Mr Francis would be interested in this programme.
7	expressed his views on the True Spies programme. Not	6 7	1 5
8	that he expressed his views on the True Spies programme	8	That's why we pray in aid and have put in our
0	but that he expressed his views about the True Spies		submissions that this was an officer who in 2002 clearly
10		9	was not concerned about any risk because he appears on
11	programme. MS SIKAND: Yes, sir.		that programme in shadow and talks about his
12	THE CHAIR: You may have different information which	11 12	deployments. And yet, sir, you are not prepared to tell
13	•		us why it is you think that his cover name shouldn't be
13	suggests that he did indeed appear on the True Spies programme.	13 14	disclosed, particularly in your November criteria which
15	MS SIKAND: Sir, we do, and he did.	15	I know are simply aspirational in some ways. You know, he fits one of your criteria. A manager
16	THE CHAIR: Fine.	16	
17	MS SIKAND: He appeared in 2002 and he appeared happily. He	17	who ought to be accountable in his real name, let alone
18	was retired, there was no compulsion. He was, like they	18	his cover name. And so with HN58 you told us "Actually
19	all were, invited to take part in the documentary by	19	I take the view that there is some risk to his personal
20	Roger Pearce. Sir, you will be aware that it was		safety and I'm not prepared to take that risk"; in this
20	a programme that the Metropolitan Police thought would	20 21	case I know you tell us nothing, but the risk assessment
22	be a good one for retired Special Demonstration Squad	21 22	makes plain that there is no risk.
23	officers to take part in. You will be	22 23	So we say that there is absolutely no justification
24	THE CHAIR: Someone in the Metropolitan Police Service did.		for not revealing his cover name. You say that you are
25	That's why the programme appeared. One of the things	24 25	entitled to tell us nothing, that there is no public law
23	mats why the programme appeared. One of the unings	23	difficulty with you telling us nothing, that you can
	Page 50		Page 52
	-		13 (Pages 49 to 52)

		1	
1	disclose these documents that take a completely contrary	1	Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re HN125
2	position to yours, that he can appear on a programme in	2	MS SIKAND: Moving on to 125. That decision, sir, is based
3	2002 and yet it is fine, just so I understand it, to	3	upon his medical condition. We have said that it is
4	tell us absolutely nothing. And that is a justified	4	obviously appropriate to factor in physical and
5	position. Obviously sir	5	psychological conditions. But once more it seems to us
6	THE CHAIR: You make an assertion of fact which I will have	6	that a full risk assessment would actually reassure this
7	to look into. I certainly will do that. If that	7	officer and make it much more likely that he would be
8	assertion of fact is wrong, then	8	less stressed by the idea of his cover name being
9	MS SIKAND: We will take it back.	9	released, because on a risk assessment point of view it
10	THE CHAIR: Yes.	10	is unlikely there would be any real risk emanating from
11	MS SIKAND: If we are wrong, we will take it back. But,	11	his infiltration of one left wing group in the 1980s.
12	sir, as you know, we are very careful about the kinds of	12	THE CHAIR: Again, if you read the note I know it is
13	assertions we make about officers.	13	written in spare language but if you do read the note
14	THE CHAIR: Certainly, I am aware of that. But even the	14	with care you will see that I have expert medical
15	best informed insider can sometimes make mistakes.	15	opinion that he has an incurable progressive medical
16	I don't know whether this is a mistake or not. It is	16	condition. Not a psychiatric condition.
17	something I will check.	17	MS SIKAND: Sorry? Sorry, sir, I may have misread it.
18	MS SIKAND: That is fine. If we are wrong, we will correct	18	I thought the point about it was that his stress would
19	that position, sir. Because we are just not in the	19	increase and that stress would then impact upon his
20	business of making assertions for the sake of it.	20	neurological condition.
21	THE CHAIR: I know. I accept that.	21	THE CHAIR: Forgive me. The evidence which I have, which is
22	MS SIKAND: It is just not the way in which Mr Francis likes	22	closed for reasons of confidentiality only, is that he
23	to operate.	23	suffers from an incurable progressive medical condition
24	So then	24	and has done for 35 years.
25	THE CHAIR: Have you finished on 109?	25	MS SIKAND: Yes.
	Page 53		Page 55
1	MS SIKAND: I have.	1	THE CHAIR: It is a condition which is affected by stress
2	MR HALL: No, thank you.	2	and the medical opinion, which I have summarised there,
3	MS SIKAND: I haven't finished, sorry. Sir, Mr Francis	3	is that the stress of participating in the Inquiry would
4	reminds me to make the point that I think I made in my	4	cause relapse and deterioration, not any threat from
5	written submissions, that he's very I speak to it at	5	those in the group he infiltrated.
6	paragraph 24 that his own concerns appear to be largely	6	MS SIKAND: So any kind of participation of any kind.
7	about the undercover officers he managed and the media	7	THE CHAIR: Yes.
8	intrusion of his real identity is confirmed. And simply	8	MS SIKAND: All right. It is one of those situations where
9	that his concerns about those who he managed obviously	9	he appears to be another one of those officers who was
10	don't make much sense because each of those who he	10	not provided any treatment in relation to his
11	managed knows who he is, and if they were minded to out	11	psychological symptoms.
12	him, they haven't done so thus far.	12	THE CHAIR: Forget psychological symptoms. This is not
13	But it is Mr Francis's view that those who he	13	about psychological symptoms.
13			
14	managed will be more likely to out him if you allow him	14	MS SIKAND: It is in the sense that they add to his stress.
	to be cloaked with anonymity because they would probably	14 15	MS SIKAND: It is in the sense that they add to his stress. THE CHAIR: This is the impact of stress on an incurable
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14 15 16 17	to be cloaked with anonymity because they would probably take the view that he ought to be accountable in the way that you think officers in his band, managers in the	15 16 17	THE CHAIR: This is the impact of stress on an incurable progressive medical condition. It is quite different from saying he's psychiatrically disturbed.
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		1	
1	the medical condition of the officer or a relation of	1	always lawfully be deployed. Against that, where
2	the officer is such that I really cannot subject them to	2	someone in the position of HN337 demonstrates
3	it. This is one such.	3	a willingness to cooperate with the Inquiry and in fact
4	MS SIKAND: All right, sir.	4	the only method of obtaining evidence from him which is
5	Submissions on behalf of Peter Francis by MS SIKAND re HN337	5	of significance is to go along with their request, then
6	MS SIKAND: So then we move on to HN337.	6	how do I choose between those two options? Either I can
7	THE CHAIR: Yes.	7	publish the cover name at least
8	MS SIKAND: As you have indicated in your open note, and as	8	MS SIKAND: And the real name?
9	we know, he is another Special Demonstration Squad	9	THE CHAIR: The real name there may be problems with, but
10	manager.	10	I can publish the cover name and that will at least
11	THE CHAIR: Yes.	11	enable those against whom this officer was deployed to
12	MS SIKAND: And he is one who had some responsibility for	12	be able to give evidence about the deployment. I will
13	HN81.	13	then have just evidence from them and I will not have
14	THE CHAIR: Yes.	14	critical evidence from this officer about his time as
15	MS SIKAND: Mr Francis tells me he was in fact the detective	15	a manager.
16	inspector in charge immediately after Bob Lambert.	16	MS SIKAND: It may be the other evidence is more important
17	THE CHAIR: Yes. He will know that from his own experience	17	because if this officer is prepared to bargain with you,
18	and knowledge.	18	sir, this is not an officer who is voluntarily assisting
19	MS SIKAND: Yes.	19	you. He is really manipulating the Inquiry's process.
20	Once more what we have here is contrary to your	20	THE CHAIR: You are reading a bit too much into it. The
21	November indications. This is the third Special	21	plain fact is I have no power of compulsion over those
22	Demonstration Squad manager in the crucial period that	22	who are abroad and who intend to remain there.
23	you say you are going to give the full cloak of	23	MS SIKAND: That may be so, sir, but we are still of the
24	anonymity to.	24	view that you have to make principled decisions, not
25	THE CHAIR: Again, I hope well I am sure you have read	25	I know you are making a practical one because it
	Page 57		Page 59
1	the reasons, and how do I deal with somebody over whom	1	sends out the wrong message sir.
2	I have no powers of compulsion at all?	2	THE CHAIR: Forget about messages for a moment. Let's look
3	MS SIKAND: Well, the difficulty is that he appears on the	3	at the consequences of taking the principled decision.
4	face of it, when one looks at the risk assessment and	4	The principled decision may be that the risk of
5	you can tell me if I'm reading in or reading in wrongly,	5	publishing the cover name is, in terms of its impact on
6	but at page 7 it says:	6	the private and family life of the officer, tolerable.
7	"N337 would like to continue to cooperate with the	7	MS SIKAND: It would seem so. He's not even in the
8	Undercover Policing Inquiry process. A caveat is	8	jurisdiction.
9	given."	9	THE CHAIR: Travel is not that difficult, but forget that
10	So it may not be rocket science that that caveat is	10	for a moment.
11	that you give him the full cloak of anonymity that you	11	MS SIKAND: But it is an extra hurdle.
12	are minded to.	12	THE CHAIR: There are all sorts of ways in which someone's
13	Whilst I understand the limits of your powers of	13	private and family life can be interfered with, not just
14	compulsion, it seems to us that this is not a principled	14	by physical confrontation but by other means as well.
15	decision.	15	MS SIKAND: Yes, but it is a balancing exercise when it an
16	THE CHAIR: It is based on practicalities. Can I put the	16	is important
17	position to you starkly, not necessarily in relation to	17	THE CHAIR: Hang on. Let us assume for a moment that
18	this individual former officer but for all those who are	18	everything being equal, the cover name can be released.
19	abroad who have valuable evidence to give. The Inquiry	19	The consequence of that will be that the officer
20	has only one weapon in its armoury, which is to say we	20	will say
21	will not accept the condition upon which you are willing	21	MS SIKAND: "I'm not cooperating".
22	to cooperate with the Inquiry, namely we will because	22	THE CHAIR: "If you are going to do that, I'm not going
23	there is no reason not to publish your cover or real	23	to cooperate with you. You can get your evidence from
24	name or both.	24	elsewhere".
25	That's the only weapon in the armoury, and it cannot	25	We will lose evidence of considerable value in this
1	D 50		D (0
	Page 58		Page 60

1	instance if that were to occur.	1	reason.
2	MS SIKAND: It would only be of considerable value if it	2	MS SIKAND: But the evidence about HN91 and the other issues
3	could be tested. I mean, if this is an officer who on	3	of great significance to the Inquiry you envisage being
4	the face of it is being non-cooperative, doesn't see the	4	in open session?
5	value in actually cooperating with the Inquiry, and is	5	THE CHAIR: Yes.
6	using his jurisdiction as an advantage over simply	6	MS SIKAND: With your disguise type
7	saying "Yes, I do want to give evidence", it may be that	7	THE CHAIR: I have no idea how the evidence will be handled.
8	what you do secure from him will be of little value in	8	MS SIKAND: You have not reached that stage yet.
9	any event. It may be that you have now given him	9	THE CHAIR: Given that this individual lives abroad, the
10	a cloak when he's not going to help.	10	probability is that there will have to be a television
11	THE CHAIR: I have explained in paragraph 38 that there are	11	link or an audio link or one or the other.
12	considerations affecting the private and family life.	12	MS SIKAND: It may be, sir, that you will keep his
13	MS SIKAND: Sir, you posit that as a possible alternative	13	corporation under strict review.
14	justification.	14	THE CHAIR: Of course. Bluntly if the only method of
15	THE CHAIR: No, I was trying, by putting it as starkly as	15	getting evidence about his discharge of his managerial
16	I could, to see where your submission leads. It leads	16	duties is for others to speak about it and he refuses to
17	at the very least to a significant risk that evidence of	17	cooperate at all, then it may be necessary to revisit
18	real value to the inquiry will be lost.	18	the decision that I'm minded to make about his
19	MS SIKAND: Yes, but the reason why we push this issue, sir,	19	anonymity.
20	is because, you know, it is very easy to remove yourself	20	MS SIKAND: In the sense that you are now making a practical
21	from the jurisdiction if you want to.	21	decision but if that practicality has no place, you will
22	THE CHAIR: It is.	22	then make a principled decision.
23	MS SIKAND: And, you know, if that is the sort of trade-off	23	THE CHAIR: The decision is underpinned by principle but I'm
24	that you publicly are prepared to make, then it may not	24	determined to get at the truth and to receive the
25	bode well for other officers.	25	evidence that is necessary for me to fulfil that aim.
	Page 61		Page 63
1	THE CHAIR: The evidence of this witness is of significance	1	This evidence. I think is necessary to permit me to do
1 2	THE CHAIR: The evidence of this witness is of significance,	1 2	This evidence, I think, is necessary to permit me to do
2	not least because he was responsible for the recruitment	2	that. Therefore I am going to try to get it. There is
2 3	not least because he was responsible for the recruitment and initial deployment of HN81, and because, as you	2 3	that. Therefore I am going to try to get it. There is nothing unprincipled about that.
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19 I do know about but which for reasons of medical 20 confidentiality are dealt with entirely in closed. 21 MS SIKAND: Yes, you say, as I understand it, that even 22 disclosure of his cover name would impact upon her 23 illness. 24 THE CHAIR: Yes. 25 MS SIKAND: But, sir, could I just ask you to reconsider Page 65 Page 67 1 this balancing exercise in the same way that I did the 2 other officers, in the sense of don't start from the 3 position that somebody has no that there will be no 3 will carry him that far because it is really important 20 that I hear what he has to say about that, and that 21 where it disagrees with the evidence of others their 22 evidence is properly tested, and I have every confidence 23 that you will test it properly. 24 MS SIKAND: Sir, I hope you hear us when we say that we take 25 the view that his endurance has been tested in these Page 67	17	THE CHAIR: I set out two reasons, one of which is that and	17	deal to contribute to the substantive part of the
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23 that you will test it properly. 24 THE CHAIR: Yes. 25 MS SIKAND: But, sir, could I just ask you to reconsider 25 Page 65 1 this balancing exercise in the same way that I did the 2 other officers, in the sense of don't start from the 3 position that somebody has no that there will be no 23 that you will test it properly. 24 MS SIKAND: Sir, I hope you hear us when we say that we take the view that his endurance has been tested in these 25 the view that his endurance has been tested in these 26 Page 67 1 procedural hearings to date and that his confidence is 2 chipping away, particularly in relation to your 3 decision-making process in relation to HN58 and now the	21	MS SIKAND: Yes, you say, as I understand it, that even	21	where it disagrees with the evidence of others their
24 THE CHAIR: Yes. 25 MS SIKAND: But, sir, could I just ask you to reconsider 26 Page 65 1 this balancing exercise in the same way that I did the 2 other officers, in the sense of don't start from the 3 position that somebody has no that there will be no 24 MS SIKAND: Sir, I hope you hear us when we say that we take 25 the view that his endurance has been tested in these Page 67 1 procedural hearings to date and that his confidence is 2 chipping away, particularly in relation to your 3 decision-making process in relation to HN58 and now the	22	disclosure of his cover name would impact upon her	22	evidence is properly tested, and I have every confidence
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3 position that somebody has no that there will be no 3 decision-making process in relation to HN58 and now the	1	this balancing exercise in the same way that I did the	1	procedural hearings to date and that his confidence is
	2	other officers, in the sense of don't start from the	2	chipping away, particularly in relation to your
4 valuable evidence given about him or her by others 4 position you have adopted in relation to HN109. It is	3	position that somebody has no that there will be no	3	decision-making process in relation to HN58 and now the
	4	valuable evidence given about him or her by others	4	position you have adopted in relation to HN109. It is
5 simply on an analysis which I'm not sure about. Maybe 5 not enough to say "Just wait until 2019 or 2020", it	5	simply on an analysis which I'm not sure about. Maybe	5	not enough to say "Just wait until 2019 or 2020", it
6 this is another long-term partner, still married person, 6 doesn't provide sufficient reassurance, sir.	6	this is another long-term partner, still married person,	6	doesn't provide sufficient reassurance, sir.
7 but 7 THE CHAIR: The anonymity process is proving to be	7	but	7	THE CHAIR: The anonymity process is proving to be
8 THE CHAIR: I have expressed myself slightly differently 8 troublesome and lengthy.	8	THE CHAIR: I have expressed myself slightly differently	8	troublesome and lengthy.
9 here. It is unlikely that members of the groups against 9 MS SIKAND: Yes.	9	here. It is unlikely that members of the groups against	9	MS SIKAND: Yes.
which HN341 was deployed would wish to provide evidence 10 THE CHAIR: I am anxious to get through it so that we can	10	which HN341 was deployed would wish to provide evidence	10	THE CHAIR: I am anxious to get through it so that we can
11 to the Inquiry. 11 get down to substantive issues. It is a process which	11	to the Inquiry.	11	get down to substantive issues. It is a process which
12 MS SIKAND: So that is a different the likelihood is for 12 has to be gone through. It is deeply frustrating for	12	MS SIKAND: So that is a different the likelihood is for	12	has to be gone through. It is deeply frustrating for
13 a different reason. The unlikelihood is for a different 13 all sorts of people, I'm well aware of that. I do not	13	a different reason. The unlikelihood is for a different	13	all sorts of people, I'm well aware of that. I do not
14 reason. 14 for one moment claim that every decision that I'm minded	14	reason.	14	for one moment claim that every decision that I'm minded
15 THE CHAIR: Yes. We all know the spectrum of political, 15 to make, even every decision when looking back that	15	THE CHAIR: Yes. We all know the spectrum of political,	15	to make, even every decision when looking back that
16 environmental and other views who are represented 16 I will have made, would be accepted by everybody as the	16	*	16	I will have made, would be accepted by everybody as the
17 amongst the non-state core participants. And we all 17 right decision in the instance in the particular case.	17	amongst the non-state core participants. And we all	17	right decision in the instance in the particular case.
18 know Mr Francis will know as well as anybody that 18 I have to do my best. And I believe that when this	1/	• •	18	I have to do my best. And I believe that when this
19 there are groups against whom Special Demonstration 19 process is completed, everybody will see that in		there are groups against whom Special Demonstration	19	process is completed, everybody will see that in
20 Squad officers were deployed who are not represented at 20 relation to the Special Demonstration Squad enough	18	Squad officers were deployed who are not represented at	20	relation to the Special Demonstration Squad enough
21 all in this Inquiry. 21 material is going to be dealt with publicly, some of it	18 19	all in this Inquiry.	21	material is going to be dealt with publicly, some of it
22 MS SIKAND: No, and would not want to be core participants, 22 in real name, some of it in cover name, to permit me to	18 19 20		22	in real name, some of it in cover name, to permit me to
23 I am sure. 23 get at the truth about the deployments.	18 19 20 21	MS SIKAND: No, and would not want to be core participants,	23	get at the truth about the deployments.
24 THE CHAIR: Pretty unlikely they want to play any part in it 24 MS SIKAND: Sir, before I sit down, we would welcome some	18 19 20 21 22	I am sure.	24	MCCIVAND. Cia bof I -it d 11 1
25 whatsoever. But at any rate they have not shown any 25 reasoning in relation to your decision to grant HN109	18 19 20 21 22 23	I am sure.	24	IVIS SIKAND: SIF, Defore I sit down, we would welcome some
Page 66	18 19 20 21 22 23 24	I am sure. THE CHAIR: Pretty unlikely they want to play any part in it		
Page 66 Page 68	18 19 20 21 22 23 24	I am sure. THE CHAIR: Pretty unlikely they want to play any part in it whatsoever. But at any rate they have not shown any		reasoning in relation to your decision to grant HN109

1	complete anonymity, and we would welcome your	1	focusing on the first question, the question identified
2	investigation into his role in True Spies and whether or	2	in the direction.
3	not we are correct in our assertion.	3	THE CHAIR: Essentially there is no disagreement between you
4	THE CHAIR: You have raised that question. I'm going to	4	and the Guardian about the legal principles to be
5	look into it, and I will see what the outcome is.	5	applied. I am not intending to rule upon them. It is
6	MS SIKAND: Thank you, sir.	6	not part of my function. Indeed I may not be permitted
7	THE CHAIR: Thank you very much for your help.	7	to do so by the rules.
8	Now I think we are on to the vexed question, are we	8	But I am grateful for the submissions made, because
9	not, of the Lambert paper?	9	it clears my mind about the underlying legal question
10	Who wants to go first on that? Mr Barr, anything	10	and it is not controversial.
11	you want to say about that before we start?	11	I had hoped that I would be able to go on to ask
12	MR BARR: Sir, there is not anything I wish to say. We have	12	consequential questions, if there was agreement or if
13	considered all of the written submissions which were	13	there was disagreement that had been resolved or the
14	made and we have noted that there is essentially	14	lines were clear, because the position is that
15	agreement as to the applicable legal principles.	15	information which is confidential is capable of being
16	THE CHAIR: Yes.	16	restrained by injunction, but it would require legal
17	Mr Hall or Mr Sanders, which of you is going to go	17	proceedings to be brought to achieve that if the person
18	first? The reason I raised this question arose out of	18	in possession of the confidential information were
19	a closed representation that was made by your team to	19	minded to make it public.
20	me. You may recall it.	20	MR SANDERS: Sir, yes.
21	Submissions on behalf of the police officers	21	THE CHAIR: There has been no appetite for bringing legal
22	represented by the designated lawyer team by MR SANDERS	22	proceedings in respect of obviously confidential
23	re The Lambert Paper.	23	documents either principally on behalf of the
24	MR SANDERS: Yes, sir, I think the sequence of events was	24	Metropolitan Police or anybody else. I agree it is
25	the reference to it in connection with HN155 at an	25	pretty unlikely that an individual officer would have
	Page 69		Page 71
1	earlier point	1	done so in the past. I don't for the moment know
1 2	THE CHAIR: Yes.	2	whether there is any current appetite for doing so now
3	MR SANDERS: that then came out and went back into	3	that they are, as it were, collectively represented.
4	a later point.	4	MR SANDERS: There certainly is an appetite for doing so, if
5	THE CHAIR: I am hoping in the course of today to hear the	5	it becomes necessary. So the answer to that is yes.
6	submissions from you about HN155. I have invited	6	There may be separate issues about funding and so on,
7	responses, but I have not yet made a minded to decision.	7	and representation.
8	I have simply invited responses and I hope to have them.	8	THE CHAIR: You say separate issues about funding. Funding
9	MR SANDERS: Yes, we got clarification on that yesterday,	9	from what source? The Inquiry could not fund such an
10	thank you, sir.	10	application.
11	THE CHAIR: Yes.	11	MR SANDERS: Exactly so. The client or clients of mine
12	MR SANDERS: In regard to what has been referred to as the	12	seeking to obtain an injunction may have to request an
13	Lambert report, sir, there are really two issues. Issue	13	indemnity from the Metropolitan Police Service or may
14	1 is the issue that is being raised for ventilation	14	have to urge the Metropolitan Police Service to bring
15	today, which is as set out in your directions of	15	proceedings as lead claimant. So there may be issues
16	21 February: are Mr Evans and Mr Lewis entitled to	16	about that.
17	publish further information that is contained in the	17	In terms of appetite, the clients I have whose names
18	report?	18	appear in the Lambert report would, if there were any
19	There is then a second issue which is not strictly	19	intimation that they were to be published, wish to seek
20	live today, which we have covered more briefly in our	20	to restrain that.
20	written submissions, which is if so, if the conclusion	21	THE CHAIR: Yes.
22	is arrived at, yes, they are so entitled, what relevance	22	MR SANDERS: And in my submission they would have strong
23	does that have? Does that mean that the making of	23	grounds for doing so.
24	a restriction order would be futile?	24	As you have just mentioned it, sir, the submissions
25	We will address you more briefly on that but	25	on behalf of the Guardian raised this jurisdictional
23	me will address you more orienty on that out		2 John of the Camerian raised this jaristicustin
	Page 70		Page 72

1			MD GANDEDG TO L. G. L.
1	point about whether you are entitled to determine or	1	MR SANDERS: If the Guardian were to ask on whose behalf
2	rule upon this issue which we of course accept that you	2	would we apply to stop publication? Supposing it were
3	are not	3	intimated and I am just using the Guardian as a label
4	THE CHAIR: I'm not. I have never held myself out as being	4	for the journalism organisation.
5	entitled to.	5	THE CHAIR: Yes.
6	MR SANDERS: We have approached it on the basis that as with	6	MR SANDERS: Supposing the Guardian were to intimate that
7	so many other issues you need to form a view about what	7	they were going to publish tomorrow the real name of
8	is possible and what is likely, and as part of that you	8	HN155. In that situation HN155 would wish to seek to
9	need, rightly in our submission, sir, to consider this	9	restrain them from doing so, on the basis that his name
10	without purporting in some way to determine it.	10	and his identity as an undercover officer is
11	THE CHAIR: Quite. You and I are on the same page there.	11	confidential, and on the basis that it is his private
12	I don't think my task is simply to ask what does the law	12	information and that its publication would be a misuse
13	provide. Assuming it is put fully into motion what will	13	of that information. And it would be him seeking to
14	the answer be? I would be doing something impermissible	14	restrain publication.
15	and not a useful exercise.	15	It may be that the Metropolitan Police Service would
16	MR SANDERS: Sir, yes.	16	be a co-claimant or the only claimant and would pursue
17	So, we have raised and these are really as it	17	his interests on his behalf. It may be him doing it off
18	were preliminary objections we raised a number of	18	his own bat. But that is the position.
19	points about the report itself and about whether	19	THE CHAIR: In relation to 155, you invite me to determine
20	Mr Evans and Mr Lewis ever had a copy. I know what your	20	his application on the footing that if the Guardian
21	response is, sir, but if I could just	21	the journalists have got a full copy of the report,
22	THE CHAIR: Of course.	22	and if they are minded to publish the name, and if they
23	MR SANDERS: make the point. You have reached certain	23	were to tell you beforehand that is what they were
24	assumptions about that. We simply say that they are	24	minded to do and being responsible journalists they may
25	just that, they are assumptions. We understand	25	well do, then you would apply for an injunction to
	Page 73		Page 75
1	THE CHAIR: I would call them inferences which is the	1	restrain them from doing so?
2	politer word for speculation or assumption, and I set	2	MR SANDERS: Yes, sir.
3	out the reasons for it in the open note.	3	THE CHAIR: On the basis that the real name is confidential?
4	MR SANDERS: Yes. So question 1, did Mr Evans and Mr Lewis,	4	MR SANDERS: Yes. Strictly speaking what is confidential is
5	were they ever given a copy of the report? If so, was	5	the information that the person with that real name was
6	it redacted? Did it include everything that those with	6	an undercover officer. He obviously goes around in his
7	an unredacted copy can see, or was it partial?	7	daily life using that name. It is not in and of itself
8	Did they retain it? Did they hand it back? Did	8	confidential. What is confidential is the link to an
9	they give undertakings to the source not to publish	9	undercover deployment with the Special Demonstration
10	certain parts of it or more of it, and so on. So there	10	Squad.
11	are factual questions which must, we say, dictate or	11	To go through the ingredients, that information is
12	have to be satisfied before there could be any question	12	not in the public domain. The fact that the document
13	of further information from the report being published.	13	or a document containing that information is not
14	Then there is the question of have they got any	14	confined within only police premises and is out in the
15	intention to publish it.	15	wider world doesn't mean that the information is in the
16	None of those issues are addressed in the Guardian's	16	public domain. It is not generally accessible
17	submissions. It is no criticism of them	17	information.
18	THE CHAIR: You asked them whether they were going to	18	The report of course contains not only the names of
19	publish and they asked who would apply to stop them.	19	individuals who were undercover officers, it contains
20	Unsurprisingly neither side were willing to answer those	20	the names of non-police individuals as well and it
21	questions.	21	contains their confidential information and their
22	MR SANDERS: We would apply to stop them.	22	private information.
23	THE CHAIR: But if you were asked at this stage to say on	23	It is significant in my submission that the Guardian
24	whose behalf might you apply to stop them, I think the	24	don't say in their submissions: no, there is nothing in
25	answer would be "Get lost", wouldn't it?	25	the report that could be said to be confidential or
25	answer would be Get lost, wouldn't it:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
25	Page 74	20	Page 76

1	private.	1	where that individual following publication will be
2	THE CHAIR: They have asserted in their open submissions on	2	killed. That can't be the position of the Guardian.
3	the first round of anonymity applications that it is in	3	THE CHAIR: Agreed.
4	the public interest that the cover and real names of all	4	MR SANDERS: It can't be the position that they would say
5	officers should be published.	5	a name should be published if the consequence of
6	MR SANDERS: They have, although if one looks at the book,	6	publication is that the individual would commit suicide.
7	the limited information about 155 that's in the	7	These are the outliers. So although they have asserted
8	report and that appears in the book is anonymised.	8	there is a public interest in these names generally,
9	THE CHAIR: Yes.	9	they don't, in my submission, in reality, assert that
10	MR SANDERS: So one may infer from that that it was	10	that is necessarily the case, and they would have to
11	concluded that there wasn't a sufficiently strong public	11	accept that it may not necessarily be the case.
12	interest justifying or requiring the revelation of his	12	In relation to not only 155 but the other
13	real name in the book.	13	individuals mentioned in the report, Mr Evans and
14	THE CHAIR: Another possibility is that for good	14	Mr Lewis, assuming they have a copy of the report,
15	journalistic reasons they thought it better to approach	15	assuming it was not redacted and so on, they would know
16	the individual that they had anonymised in the book to	16	some names. They don't know necessarily what the
17	see whether he would provide information to them.	17	deployment was of those named individuals.
18	MR SANDERS: Sir, yes. As you said in the minded to note	18	THE CHAIR: If they have the report, they know what is said
19	I think it was mind to 5 they sought to write to him.	19	about it in the report.
20	THE CHAIR: They did write to him.	20	MR SANDERS: Yes, exactly. That is far from comprehensive.
21	MR SANDERS: Well, they wrote a letter that reached him,	21	In relation to my clients, it is relatively anecdotal
22	strictly speaking.	22	and relatively peripheral, the way in which they appear.
23	THE CHAIR: Quite. It was an ingenious way to find him and	23	Mr Evans and Mr Lewis don't have that information.
24	they did so.	24	They don't know anything about the personal
25	MR SANDERS: They didn't find him.	25	circumstances
	Page 77		Page 79
1	THE CHAIR: All right. They managed to get a letter to him.	1	THE CHAIR: I don't agree with the former proposition that
2	MR SANDERS: And the book obscures some information about	2	it is it forms quite a significant part of the
3	him.	3	report, the paper.
4	THE CHAIR: Yes, it does. But it is not a bad journalistic	4	MR SANDERS: Yes, apologies sir. What I mean by peripheral
5	technique to say to somebody from whom you wish to get	5	is that it is not about their deployments. It is by and
6	information: we know quite a lot about you already but	6	large about other issues.
7	we would like to hear your own side of the story in	7	THE CHAIR: Indeed, but those are other issues into which
8	rather greater detail than we know it now.	8	I have to inquire.
9	In relation to one former undercover officer whose	9	MR SANDERS: I understand that. But from the perspective of
10	cover name was published by the Inquiry, something	10	Mr Evans and Mr Lewis, what do they know about the
11	precisely to that effect happened.	11	individuals' names, what could they say those
12	MR SANDERS: Sir, indeed.	12	individuals did and in terms of the public interest in
13	So in terms of the public interest in the name being	13	revealing that they were undercover officers. Simply
14	published, I accept there could be an argument about	14	the report itself is very limited. Also what they don't
14		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	that.	15	know is what is the Operation Herne nominal number for
15	that. THE CHAIR: Yes.	15 16	know is what is the Operation Herne nominal number for these people named.
15 16	THE CHAIR: Yes.	16	these people named.
15 16 17	THE CHAIR: Yes. MR SANDERS: And it would depend on what the defendant, the	16 17	these people named. THE CHAIR: That is true, but I expect
15 16 17 18	THE CHAIR: Yes. MR SANDERS: And it would depend on what the defendant, the person seeking to publish, knows about the individual	16 17 18	these people named. THE CHAIR: That is true, but I expect MR SANDERS: Apart from the one that you have given them.
15 16 17 18 19	THE CHAIR: Yes. MR SANDERS: And it would depend on what the defendant, the person seeking to publish, knows about the individual and what they say is the public interest in the	16 17 18 19	these people named. THE CHAIR: That is true, but I expect MR SANDERS: Apart from the one that you have given them. THE CHAIR: That is true, but I suspect it is a pretty
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15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	THE CHAIR: Yes. MR SANDERS: And it would depend on what the defendant, the person seeking to publish, knows about the individual and what they say is the public interest in the revelation of that individual's name. I know as a general proposition the Guardian's submissions were: everyone should be named, real and cover. But that's just as a starting point. I can't conceive I don't think anybody could seriously read their submissions as	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	these people named. THE CHAIR: That is true, but I expect MR SANDERS: Apart from the one that you have given them. THE CHAIR: That is true, but I suspect it is a pretty flimsy barrier. In any event, I understand your submission, which is that there is something real to be argued about and you will argue it if you can. Ie, if you are funded. MR SANDERS: Sir, yes. I should say it is not just if we

1	emergency application as you know any hour of the day	1	which in your thinking is of significance. Because that
2	or night following publication and in relation to both	2	will be a very similar exercise for any judge in the
3	breach of confidence and misuse of private information,	3	interim applications court considering an injunction.
4	although more so misuse of private information. The	4	Because the question is
5	fact of short-lived prior publication doesn't preclude	5	THE CHAIR: I think I would be trespassing there into
6	restraint. So if it appears in the Guardian, there	6	territory which is beyond my statutory capacity and
7	would still be a case for restraint.	7	I don't think I should do that.
8	THE CHAIR: Right.	8	I'm more concerned with identifying whether there is
9	MR SANDERS: In my submission, it must be significant, it	9	a real issue to be determined and whether or not, if
10	must be telling, that Mr Evans and Mr Lewis chose not to	10	there is, steps will be taken to enforce your side of
11	put these names in the book. That must reflect some	11	the issue.
12	kind of caution about that, and it can't be consistent	12	You have reassured me about that. I'm therefore
13	with them thinking there is a real strong public	13	looking to the future and on the basis of that
14	interest in these names being known. So that is one	14	assurance, the view that I had formed that it would be
15	important factor.	15	futile to make an order would not be right.
16	They know well, they know that they have limited	16	MR SANDERS: Sir, yes. I will come back to the futility in
17	information about those involved, they know that	17	the second issue.
18	article 8 rights are engaged, and also article 2 and 3	18	Just pausing and looking specifically at 155 because
19	rights in some cases may arguably be engaged.	19	from our perspective it is unclear to us why
20	So in my submission, first they know there is an	20	a particular approach is taken to 155 in minded to
21	assertion to that effect.	21	number 5, when the same approach is not intimated in
22	THE CHAIR: They do in, I think, one instance, yes.	22	relation to other police officers and other
23	MR SANDERS: They know it is more than one. They know that	23	THE CHAIR: The reasoning is simple. I can explain it. It
24	from our submissions it is made clear.	24	is because they have written to him.
25	So from our perspective, they are unlikely to	25	MR SANDERS: If that is the issue, we simply say it is not
	Page 81		Page 83
1	publish this information and even less likely to publish	1	relevant that they have written to him. So what? They
2	the information without notice. Whether or not there is	2	attempted to contact him. They sent a letter which
3	notice, there are grounds for seeking to restrain	3	reached him. He didn't reply. The fact that they did
4	publication.		reaction than the diant reply: The fact that they did
5	publication.	4	that doesn't tell us anything about the likelihood of
	THE CHAIR: And that is an issue which I cannot and do not	4 5	that doesn't tell us anything about the likelihood of them seeking to publish this, or the likelihood of them
	THE CHAIR: And that is an issue which I cannot and do not intend to determine. If there some plausible argument	5	them seeking to publish this, or the likelihood of them
6	intend to determine. If there some plausible argument	5 6	them seeking to publish this, or the likelihood of them being able to publish it.
6 7	intend to determine. If there some plausible argument about it, then it is for others to deal with it, not me.	5 6 7	them seeking to publish this, or the likelihood of them being able to publish it. We don't know. They may have written to other
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THE CHAIR: Of course, you take the time that you like. Submissions on behalf of the Metropolitan Police Service, Commissioner's Lgal Team by BALI. MR SANDERS: Tam very grateful. MR SANDERS and the faultity point is just to set out our stall on that, which is even if it were the case that Mr Evans and the Lewis any in relation to 155 intended to publish his name, sought to publish his name and we were unable— were that to come to pass, we were given be unable to prevent that. Even if that were the case, it would not in my submission justify retisal of a restriction order. THE CHAIR: That argument has consequences. It would mean that when I read in the risk assessment that the sterile corridor is fragile because journalists know about it, 22 applied and that therefore the sterile corridor would be Page 85 The maintained. That is not a realistic attitude. MR SANDERS: Apologies, sir, my point was supposing I were wrong on issue I, and supposing it were the case that Mr Evans and Mr Lewis were in one year's time going to get an injunction to stop that. Even if that were the case, it doesn't mean a restriction order now shouldn't be made. That follows from your status and your function as a public authority. If we are right that publication of his name, his real name, he fact he was an undercover officer is incompatible with his convention rights, then section of often own the risk. The fact that it is going to happen in a year's time going to own own of the sterile control own function as a public authority. The fact that it is going to happen in a year's time you do do do that now simply because it is going to come and that throw him out of that door, that deesn't allow you to do do that now simply because it is going to happen find throw the reak. THE CHAIR: I don't accept that submission. But I don't think it arises.				•
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